SEP 10 1975

In The
Supreme Court of the United States

OCTOBER TERM, 1974

No. 75-380

SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation,

Petitioner,

-vs-

JONATHAN W. DIXON,

Respondent.

APPENDIX
TO PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL FIRST DISTRICT, STATE OF FLORIDA

GEORGE D. GABEL, JR.
Wahl and Gabel
405 Florida Title Building
Jacksonville, Florida 32202

Counsel for Petitioner

JAMES E. WILLIAMS
500 Water Street
Jacksonville, Florida 32202

Of Counsel

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APPENDIX A

Complaint served on Defendant Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Company, June 20, 1974

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 4th JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR DUVAL COUNTY, FLORIDA

No. 74-4022 - CA - Div. C

COMPLAINT

JONATHAN W. DIXON,

Plaintiff,

vs.

SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation,

Defendant.

Plaintiff sues defendant and alleges:

1. This is a civil action arising under Chapter 45, U.S. Code.

2. At all times material hereto, defendant owned and operated a common carrier railroad engaged in interstate commerce, with its principal place of business at Jacksonville, Florida, and plaintiff was an employee of defendant working in the scope of his employment and in furtherance of interstate commerce.

3. On or about February 6, 1973 at or near the Pole Tree Yard in Homerville, Georgia plaintiff was injured as a result of defendant's negligence while plaintiff, during the performance of his duties, while switching the pole yard, he was hit on the head with a pole, rendering him unconscious and thereby causing serious and grievous personal injuries and damages to plaintiff as hereinafter stated.

4. At the above time and place, defendant was negligent in the following acts of commission and omission:

a. In negligently furnishing plaintiff a dangerous and unsafe place to work.

b. In negligently failing to exercise reasonable care to provide plaintiff with a reasonably safe place to work.

c. In failing to provide plaintiff with reasonably safe equipment with which to perform his duties.

d. In the negligent and careless maintenance, inspection, operation and control of defendant's equipment.

e. In negligently allowing its equipment to be caused to fall, when defendant knew or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known of the condition of its equipment, and had failed to take the necessary steps to remedy said condition.

f. In negligently failing to promulgate and/or enforce rules concerning the loading and use of its equipment by third parties.

g. In the negligent handling and control of defendant's train.

5. As a result of the foregoing negligence, plaintiff was

seriously and permanently injured, among plaintiff's injuries are neck injuries, brain damage, nervousness, diminishment in hearing, and other injuries not yet diagnosed.

6. As a result of the foregoing negligence, plaintiff suffered injuries and damages, including loss of earnings, medical expenses, personal inconvenience and mental and physical pain and suffering due to the injuries to plaintiff's body and nervous system, plus an inability to lead a normal life. These injuries are permanent and in the future plaintiff will suffer loss of wages, loss of earning capacity and medical expenses, personal inconvenience and mental and physical pain and suffering, plus the inability to lead a normal life.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff sues defendant for compensatory damages in excess of Ten thousand ($10,000.00) dollars, together with costs, and demands trial by jury of all issues triable as of right by a jury.

DATED this 24th day of April, 1974.

BECKHAM & McALILEY
A Professional Association
1010 Concord Building
66 West Flagler Street
Miami, Florida 33130
Attorneys for plaintiff

By /s/ THOMAS W. McALILEY

APPENDIX B

Summons, served on Defendant
Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Company.
June 20, 1974

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT
OF DUVAL COUNTY, FLORIDA

Civil Action No. 74-4022 - CA - Div. C

JONATHAN W. DIXON,

Plaintiff(s)

vs.

SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation,

Defendant(s)

SUMMONS

The State of Florida:

To all and singular the sheriffs of said State:

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED to serve this summons and a copy of the complaint or petition in the above styled cause upon the defendant(s) .....

SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY,
a corporation

By serving: Roderick Nicol, General Solicitor
Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Company
Law Department, 500 Water St.
Jacksonville, Florida

Each defendant is hereby required to serve written defenses to said complaint or petition on plaintiff's attorney, whose

name and address is

Beckham & McAliley,
A Professional Association
1010 Concord Building
66 W. Flagler St.
Miami, Fla. 33130
Phone: 305-373-6551

within 20 days after service of this summons upon that defendant, exclusive of the day of service, and to file the original of said written defenses with the clerk of said court either before service on plaintiff's attorney or immediately thereafter. If a defendant fails to do so, a default will be entered against that defendant for the relief demanded in the complaint or petition.

WITNESS my hand and the seal of said Court on JUNE 19, 1974

S. MORGAN SLAUGHTER
As Clerk of said Court

CATHERINE ROCHE
As Deputy Clerk

APPENDIX C

**Motions of Defendant
Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Company,
served on Plaintiff's Attorneys, July 10, 1974**

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE
FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN
AND FOR DUVAL COUNTY, FLORIDA

No. 74-4022-CA DIVISION "C"

JONATHAN W. DIXON,

Plaintiff,

-vs-

SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation,

Defendant.

MOTIONS OF DEFENDANT

COMES NOW the Defendant, SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation, by and through its undersigned attorneys, and moves the Court as follows:

1. To dismiss the Complaint for failure to state a cause of action against this Defendant.

2. To dismiss the Complaint for lack of jurisdiction over the person.

3. To dismiss the Complaint for improper venue under the doctrine of forum non conveniens.

MOTION TO DISMISS
FOR FAILURE TO STATE A CAUSE OF ACTION

(a) The allegations of negligence are insufficient as a matter of law.

(b) The allegations of the Complaint are conclusions of the pleader and not ultimate fact.

MOTION TO DISMISS
FOR LACK OF JURISDICTION OVER THE PERSON

The Complaint shows on its face that the subject matter for which said cause of action was filed did not arise out of any of the Defendant's activities in the State of Florida.

MOTION TO DISMISS
FOR IMPROPER VENUE UNDER
DOCTRINE OF FORUM NON CONVENIENS

(a) The Defendant is a foreign corporation, as is shown by the Affidavit of Mr. Roderick M. Nicol, which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A".

(b) The Plaintiff was, at the time of the alleged accident giving rise to this litigation, and at all times subsequent thereto, a citizen and resident of the State of Georgia, and is presently maintaining his residence in Waycross, Georgia.

(c) As shown by Exhibit "A", the alleged accident, if not caused wholly by the negligence of the Plaintiff, was caused by the negligence of C. M. Eunice, Jr., trading as Homerville Pole Company in Homerville, Georgia, which is in Ware County, near Waycross, Georgia which is the county seat of Ware County, and, further, since the cause of action for in-

demnity against said C. M. Eunice, Jr. did not arise out of any activities of the potential third party defendant in the State of Florida, the Defendant will be unable to have the third party action disposed of in the present litigation.

(d) The Plaintiff's action is brought under the Federal Employer's Liability Act and is to be tried pursuant to that statute and not under the laws or statutes of the State of Florida.

(e) The alleged accident which is the subject matter of Plaintiff's action occurred at Homerville, Georgia.

(f) To the best of Defendant's information and belief, all of the witnesses who may be called by Plaintiff or Defendant, with the exception of two medical doctors recently employed by Plaintiff in Miami, Florida, and one medical doctor who saw Plaintiff in Jacksonville, Florida, reside in the State of Georgia, as follows:

(1) The other members of the train crew involved in the subject litigation and who have knowledge of the allegations contained in the Complaint, all three of whom live in Waycross, Georgia.

(2) The Defendant's employees who inspected the premises following the alleged accident, all four of whom live in Waycross, Georgia.

(3) The Defendant's employees who investigated the alleged accident and who took statements from the various witnesses in preparation of the company's defense of this suit, as well as the chief dispatcher and the superintendent, reside in Waycross, Georgia.

(4) The potential third party defendant, and his two employees who have relevant knowledge concerning the

alleged accident, reside in Homerville, Georgia.

(5) The physicians, being five in number, and the physical therapist who have examined and treated Plaintiff for his alleged injuries, all reside in Waycross, Georgia, with the exception of two medical doctors recently employed by Plaintiff in Miami, Florida, and a medical doctor who treated Plaintiff as a consultant in Jacksonville, Florida.

(g) Defendant states that none of the indicated witnesses who reside in Georgia are subject to the subpoena process in the State of Florida, and Defendant cannot, by any means, compel the non-employee witnesses to attend the trial of this case in Jacksonville, Florida, and Defendant thereby would be deprived of its legal right to have such witnesses confronted by the jury in this Court to determine their veracity and credibility. Furthermore, the potential third party defendant is not subject to service in the State of Florida, and to continue the present suit will result in a multiplicity of litigation and undue and unreasonable expense to the Defendant.

(h) The trial of this case in the State of Florida will also involve great and unreasonable expenses and inconvenience to the Defendant in that all of the witnesses listed above employed by the Defendant, being some eleven in number, must be transported to Jacksonville, Florida, and kept there for the duration of the trial, all at great expense for transportation, housing, and loss of time of these employees, and further, that if the non-employee witnesses are willing to attend the trial, their expenses also would be a great and unwarranted burden upon the Defendant.

(i) The Defendant asserts that this Honorable Court has

the inherent power, in the interest of convenience of the parties and witnesses and in the interest of justice, to dismiss the above case without prejudice. *Hagen v. Viney,* 169 So. 391; *Southern Railway Co. v. Bowling,* 129 So. 2d 33; *Baker v. Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Co.,* 21 Fla. Supp. 21; *Hubbard v. Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Co.,* 21 Fla. Supp. 21; *Hubbard v. Southern Railway Co.,* 14 Fla. Supp. 10; *Autry v. Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Co.,* 32 Fla. Supp. 53. Defendant submits that there is no logical compulsion on the courts of this State to try, at the expense of the State of Florida and its several counties, and at the expense and inconvenience of the Florida litigants and Florida attorneys, cases between non-residents and foreign corporations where the cause of action arises outside of the State of Florida. The Third District Court of Appeal in *Southern Railway Co. v. McCubbins,* 196 So.2d 512, in holding that it was an abuse of discretion not to dismiss an action when required by the facts, stated at page 517 as follows:

> "When the facts and circumstances presented meet the guidelines which are regarded in law as the basis for dismissal under the doctrine, jurisdiction should be rejected. It is an abuse of discretion for a trial judge, notwithstanding such an adequate showing, to retain jurisdiction on the basis of a willingness to have the case added to his docket. This is so because denial of such a motion where the elements are present upon which the doctrine should be applied amounts to a refusal to give due effect to the law of this State under which the doctrine of forum non conveniens is accepted."

(j) The First District Court of Appeal has ruled in the case of *Adams v. Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Co.,* 224 So. 2d 797, that the doctrine of forum non conveniens does not

apply to the Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Company as between an injured employee from Waycross, Georgia and the railroad. That case was also followed in *Shaw v. Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Company,* 229 So. 2d 275. In neither the *Adams* nor the *Shaw* cases was a non-resident potential third party defendant involved, and defendant respectfully submits that those two decisions are not controlling in the present case.

(k) The Defendant further shows that the Congress has recognized that the calendars of the United States District Courts were being congested and witnesses and parties were being imposed upon by bringing of so-called imported and exported cases from remote jurisdiction, and for the convenience of parties and witnesses and in the interest of justice, enacted Section 1404(a), U.S.C., Title 28, and the Supreme Court of the United States has since sustained the constitutionality of such Section, and held that such Section applied to the venue of any and all civil cases, and, in particular, permitted the transfer of cases arising under the Federal Employer's Liability Act. Defendant submits that if the instant action had been instituted in the United States District Court at Jacksonville, that the same would have been transferred to the proper jurisdiction under the doctrine of forum non conveniens.

(l) The Defendant further shows that the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of *State of Missouri ex rel Southern Railway Company v. Mayfield,* 340 U.S. 1, 95 L.ed 6, has held that the Federal lalw does not limit the power of the state to deny access to its courts to suitors under the Federal Employer's Liability Act if in similar cases, the state, for reasons of local policy, denies resort to its courts, so long as it enforces its policy impartially so as not to discriminate

against suits under the Act and not to offend the privileges and immunities clause, and that a State Court is in no way bound by Federal law in determining the applicability of the doctrine of forum non conveniens.

(m) The Defendant herein respectfully submits that to deny its Motion to Dismiss upon the doctrine of forum non conveniens, the Defendant will be deprived of equal protection of the laws, as guaranteed to it by Sections 1, 4 and 12 of the Declaration of Rights to the Constitution of the State of Florida and the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

(n) The Defendant asserts that the instant suit should be dismissed without prejudice by this Court upon the doctrine of forum non conveniens, based upon the reasons stated above, and upon the Affidavit of Mr. Roderick M. Nicol, which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A".

(o) Defendant believes that this action was brought to this county by Plaintiff not only for the purpose of avoiding a trial at or near his residence or where the alleged cause of action arose, but also for the purpose of vexatiously harrassing and annoying the Defendant and subjecting it to unnecessary and unreasonable inconvenience and expense, for nothing appears evident to the Defendant to justify the selection of a forum in Florida other than that the Plaintiff is engaged in the astute practice of shopping for a forum, an act not favored by the judiciary, and Defendant prays that the suit be dismissed without prejudice, at the cost of the Plaintiff.

TOOLE, TAYLOR, MOSELEY,
GABEL & MILTON

By /s/ George D. Gabel, Jr.

George D. Gabel, Jr.
1014 Barnett Bank Building
Jacksonville, Florida 32202
Attorneys for Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy hereof has been furnished to BECKHAM & McALILEY, 1010 Concord Building, Jacksonville, Florida, Attorneys for Plaintiff, by mail this 10th day of July, 1974.

/s/ George D. Gabel, Jr.
Attorney

EXHIBIT "A"

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE
FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN
AND FOR DUVAL COUNTY, FLORIDA

No. 74-4022-CA DIVISION "C"

JONATHAN W. DIXON,

Plaintiff,

-vs-

COMPANY, a corporation,

Defendant.

**AFFIDAVIT IN SUPPORT OF
DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS
UNDER DOCTRINE OF FORUM NON CONVENIENS**

STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF DUVAL

RODERICK M. NICOL, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

I am General Solicitor for SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, the Defendant in the above-captioned suit, and in that position I have reviewed the investigation file relating to the alleged accident involved in this suit and know of my own knowledge the witnesses whose testimony will be required by the Defendant to adequately and properly defend this suit and to prosecute its claim against the industry upon whom responsibility for this matter should rest.

Defendant is in the business of operating a railroad with its principal offices at Richmond, Virginia and Jacksonville, Florida. It is a common carrier for hire, operating a line of railroad through the States of Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama. At all times material to this controversy and up to the date of this Affidavit, the said SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, is and has been a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Virginia, with its corporate headquarters and principal corporate offices headquartered and located at 3600 West Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia; that Affiant is and has been at all times material to this controversy the duly designated and authorized Resident Agent in the State of Florida for the service of process upon said SEABOARD COAST LINE RAIROAD COMPANY, which is a non-resident corporation, duly authorized to do business in the State of Florida, and that in such capacity, the Affiant was served with process in the instant lawsuit, all in accordance with the laws of the State of Florida with reference to service of process upon non-resident or foreign corporations which are authorized to do business in the State of Florida. Affiant further deposes and says that the Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer, the Secretary of the corporation, the Treasurer of the corporation, all have permanent offices in the aforesaid principal corporate headquarters and office building in Richmond, Virginia, and all of such principal corporate officers permanently reside in Richmond, Virginia. In addition, the President of the corporation also maintains a permanent office at said corporate headquarters in Richmond, Virginia. The Law Department of the railroad maintains extensive permanent offices in said principal corporate headquarters and office building in Richmond, Virginia, with personnel of said Law Department per-

manently residing in Richmond, Virginia. Among such Law Department personnel are the General Counsel, four Assistant General Solicitors, one Assistant General Attorney, two Attorneys, and several Claim Agents. Affiant further deposes and says that eleven meetings of Defendant's corporate Board of Directors are held each year (usually one each month) for the purpose of transacting necessary corporate business; that only approximately one of such meetings each year is held in Jacksonville, Florida; with approximately one of such meetings each year being held in the aforesaid corporate headquarters and office building in Richmond, Virginia; and the balance of such meetings being usually held in New York, N.Y.

As appears from the Complaint, this action is brought by Plaintiff to recover more than TEN THOUSAND ($10,000) DOLLARS for alleged personal injuries sustained by Plaintiff during the course of his employment by the Defendant at Homerville, Ware County, Georgia, on February 6, 1973.

In order to adequately and properly defend this action, it will be necessary for the Defendant to produce at the trial thereof no less than five non-employee witnesses who are doctors practicing medicine at Waycross, Georgia, one non-employee witness who is a physical therapist at Waycross, Georgia, and no less than eleven employee witnesses all of whom reside in Waycross, Georgia.

As further appears from the Complaint, the Plaintiff alleges that he was injured by a piece of falling equipment. The investigation file relating to the alleged accident reveals that the alleged accident, if not caused wholly by the negligence of the Plaintiff, was caused by the negligence of C. M. Eunice, Jr., trading as Homerville Pole Company, who placed the piece of equipment, allegedly involved on Defendant's car, and that under a sidetrack agreement, dated November 1, 1970, be-

tween SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY and C. M. Eunice, Jr., trading as Homerville Pole Company, resides in Homerville, Georgia which is in Ware County, near Waycross, Georgia which is the county seat of the said Ware County; and that the said C. M. Eunice, Jr. conducts his business at Homerville, Georgia where the Plaintiff was allegedly injured and where at least two persons are employed by the said C. M. Eunice, Jr., in the conduct of his business and who will necessarily be witnesses for prosecution of the said indemnity claim. Since the cause of action for said indemnity did not arise out of any activities of the potential third party defendant in the State of Florida, the Defendant will be unable to have the third party action disposed of in the present litigation.

Affiant is informed and believes that the trial of this case in Jacksonville, Florida would be inconvenient to and would work a hardship upon all of said witnesses, assuming that their attendance would be compelled by subpoena which it cannot. This Defendant will not be able to compel the non-employee witnesses to attend the trial of this case in Jacksonville, Florida, and it will thereby be deprived of its legal rights to have such witnesses confronted by the jury and by this Court to determine their veracity and credibility.

This Affiant further avers that the trial of this case in Jacksonville, Florida would impose on the Defendant an unreasonable and unnecessary expense in transporting its employee and non-employee witnesses to Jacksonville, Florida and assuming the expenses of their maintenance there far removed from their respective residences for the duration of the trial, as well as reimbursement of employees for time lost from their regular duties while appearing in court and traveling to and from the place of trial.

Upon information and belief, this Affiant is of the opinion that in the interest of justice and for the convenience of the parties and witnesses, this case is not properly brought in this Court and should be dismissed without prejudice to Plaintiff's right to re-institute this proceeding at Waycross, Georgia, where the witnesses reside and could readily be produced, and where the potential third party defendant resides and can be sued.

The Plaintiff in this case was maintaining his residence at 1301 McDonald Street, Waycross, Georgia, at the time of his alleged injury on February 6, 1973. Affiant verily believes that Plaintiff presently maintains his residence at Waycross, Georgia and has no intention of become a resident of Florida.

The State of Georgia provides an adequate forum for Plaintiff to litigate this cause of action at Waycross, Georgia, where the witnesses reside and where the Plaintiff resided and presently resides, and where the potential third party defendant resides and conducts his business. Affiant is informed and believes that the dockets of the courts of general jurisdiction at that location are not congested and that any suit which plaintiff might institute in that jurisdiction could be expeditiously tried and heard by an impartial court and jury.

Moreover, the Court, the jurors and the taxpayers of Jacksonville, Florida should not be burdened with the expense of this proceeding which involves non-residents of the State of Florida, where the cause of action did not arise in the State of Florida, nor arise out of any of the Defendant's activities within the State of Florida, especially where the entire matter

could be disposed of in one proceeding if brought in a Georgia forum.

/s/ Roderick M. Nicol

Roderick M. Nicol

Sworn to and subscribed before me
this 10th day of July, 1974.

/s/ Charlotte M. Baker

Notary Public, State of Florida at Large

My Commission Expires:

J&B-50028 Form 212–Sheet 1.
Revised Nov. 1, 1959.

THIS AGREEMENT, made this 1st day of November, 1970, between the SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, hereinafter referred to as the Railroad, and C. M. Eunice, Jr., of Waycross, Georgia, trading as HOMERVILLE POLE COMPANY, hereinafter referred to (severally, if more than one) as the Industry;

WITNESSETH:–that

WHEREAS, the Industry desires track facilities, hereinafter called sidetrack, at or near Poletree (near Homerville) County of Clinch, State of Georgia, to serve concentration yard of the Industry for the handling of carload shipments of fence posts, poles, etc.; said sidetrack being shown in red and green on the print dated February 26, 1964, last revised November 23, 1970, of Plan No. 676-1, hereto attached and made a part hereof, and more particularly described as follows:

Track No. 1:

Diverging from the south side of the Railroad's Thomasville Subdivision main track at location 1917 feet northeastwardly from Milepost AN-612, and extending southwestwardly and southwardly 1339 feet; the first 169.5 feet on right of way of the Railroad, the next 139.5 feet on that portion of the Railroad's right of way which is leased to the Industry pursuant to the provisions of Article 10 hereof, and the last 1030 feet on property of or provided by the Industry; and

Track No. 2:

Diverging from the north side of said Track No. 1, at location 94 feet from the switch point thereof and extending

southwestwardly and southwardly 1410 feet; the first 150 feet on right of way of the Railroad, the next 215 feet on that portion of the Railroad's right of way which is leased to the Industry pursuant to the provisions of Article 10 hereof, and the last 1045 feet on property of or provided by the Industry.

Said sidetrack was heretofore provided on basis of the Railroad's predecessor, at its expense, constructing the first 169.5 feet of track No. 1 and the first 150 feet of track No. 2; and the Industry's predecessor, at its expense, constructing the last 1169.5 feet of track No. 1 and the last 1260 feet of track No. 2; and now covered by agreement dated December 1, 1964, between Atlantic Coastline Railroad Company (predecessor of Railroad) and Atlantic Creosoting Company, (predecessor of Industry), which agreement will be terminated and superseded simultaneously with the execution hereof.

The Railroad owns the first 169.5 feet of track No. 1 and the first 150 feet of track No. 2, and the Industry owns the last 1169.5 feet of track No. 1 and the last 1260 feet of track No. 2.

Now, therefore, in consideration of the covenants and agreements herein contained, it is mutually agreed that the said sidetrack shall be maintained, and operated under the following terms and conditions:

J&B-32451 Form 212–Sheet 2.
Revised Nov. 1, 1959.

1. RIGHT OF WAY.

(a). The Industry shall provide, without cost to the Railroad, all necessary right of way outside of the right of way of the Railroad, required for the proper operation of said side-

track, said right of way to be satisfactory to the Chief Engineer or other proper officer of the Railroad.

b). The Railroad, its officers and employees, shall have the right to enter upon the property of or leased to the Industry for the purpose of operating said sidetrack.

3. MAINTENANCE.

(a). Said sidetrack shall be maintained and/or renewed to the satisfaction of the Chief Engineer, or other proper officer of the Railroad; the work shall be performed and the cost thereof borne as follows:

(b). The Railroad shall maintain and/or renew the first 169.5 feet of track No. 1 and the first 150 feet of track No. 2.

(c). The Industry shall, without cost to the Railroad, maintain and/or renew the last 1196.5 feet of track No. 1 and the last 1260 feet of track No. 2.

4. OWNERSHIP.

(a). The title and ownership of said sidetrack shall be as follows:

(b). Track material furnished by the Railroad, at its expense, and laid in said sidetrack on the right of way or premises of the Railroad or on the premises of, or right of way furnished by the Industry, shall remain the property of the Railroad. Upon termination of this agreement the Railroad shall have the right to enter upon the property of the Industry and upon any right of way provided by the Industry and to remove any or all of the material owned by the Railroad, and shall not be liable to account in any way to anyone for monies paid or expended on account of any of the track or tracks covered by this agreement.

(c). Track material furnished by the Industry or its predecessor and laid in said sidetrack on the right of way or premises of the Railroad shall remain the property of the Industry, subject to use hereunder by the Railroad. Upon the termination of this agreement the Industry shall remove such material and restore said right of way and premises to a condition satisfactory to the Chief Engineer, or other proper officer of the Railroad. In the event of the failure of the Industry so to do, the Railroad may remove such material and restore said right of way or premises at the cost and expense of the Industry, which cost and expense the Industry hereby agrees to pay the Railroad on demand.

5. USE.

(a). The Railroad shall have the right to use, without cost, the whole or any part of said sidetrack to reach industries, if any, located thereon or reached thereby, provided such use shall not unreasonably interfere with the use thereof by the Industry, and to this end the Industry agrees to permit said sidetrack to be extended or connected with other sidetracks.

(b). The Industry shall not, without the written consent of the Railroad, permit or authorize any use of, extension of, or connection with said sidetrack by or for the benefit of any other person, firm or corporation not one of the parties hereto, nor assign this contract or any rights hereunder.

6. CHANGES OR ENLARGEMENT.

(a). If any change, rearrangement, extension or enlargement of said sidetrack or its structures shall at any time be required by reason of any charge in the Railroad's track or tracks, or because of any changes in the operating practices of the Raillroad, or for any other cause, then and in that event

any expense or damage resulting from such change, rearrangement, extension or enlargement of the portion of said sidetrack owned by the Industry or of the Industry's facilities adjacent or appurtenant thereto shall be borne by the Industry.

(b). If said sidetrack or its appurtenances should be relocated, extended or enlarged, either by the Railroad or by the Industry, then the sidetrack as relocated, rearranged, extended or enlarge shall be fully covered by all of the terms and provisions hereof as fully as though described herein as so relocated, rearranged, extended or enlarged and so shown upon the print attached hereto.

7. CLEARANCES.

(a). The Industry agrees not to permit any obstruction over said sidetrack having a clearance of less than twenty-two (22) feet above the top of the rail for the full width of the horizontal clearance hereinafter provided for, or parallel with said sidetrack within eight (8) feet of the center line of said sidetrack, with the necessary additional clearance on curves. All structures erected over the sidetrack shall be built and maintained in a manner satisfactory to the Chief Engineer or other proper officer of the Railroad. All wires suspended over said sidetrack shall be placed and maintained at the elevations and in accordance with the standards prescribed by the National Electric Safety Code.

(b). Notwithstanding any other provision herein contained, the Industry shall and does hereby expressly assume and agree to indemnity and hold harmless the Railroad from and against all loss and damage, costs, expenses, including attorneys' fees, claims suits and judgments whatsoever arising from or growing out of any injuries, loss or damage caused by or contrib-

uted to by the failure of the Industry, its employees, agents or licensees, (i) to comply with the provisions of this Article 7, or (ii) to keep the right of way said said sidetrack free and clear of all commodities, rubbish, trash or other objects which may be hazardous to those engaged in the operation of the Railroad.

8. OPERATION AND LIABILITY.

(a). All car load shipments consigned to the Industry for delivery on said sidetrack shall be deemed to have been fully and completely delivered as soon as the car containing such shipment shall have been placed on the sidetrack and detached from the engine or train by which it was moved, and the Railroad shall thereupon be fully and completely relieved from any liability, either as common carrier or as bailee, for loss of or injury to such shipment occurring after such delivery. The Railroad shall not be liable as common carrier, nor as bailee, for any property loaded into any car on said sidetrack until said car is attached or coupled to the engine or train by which it is to be moved from said sidetrack toward its destination, or until a bill of lading shall have been issued to the Industry therefor, and until said car is so attached or coupled up, or a bill of lading is issued therefor, the said car and its contents shall be deemed and held to be in the possession of the Industry so far as liability therefor is concerned.

(b). The Industry will promptly at its own cost and expense, load or unload all cars which are placed on said sidetrack for loading or unloading by the Industry, and will not allow cars delivered to the Industry on said sidetrack to be removed therefrom except by the Railroad; and in the event of damage to or destruction of such cars or contents while on said sidetrack, except loss due to fire or as the result of

negligence of the agents or employees of the Railroad, the Industry will make good and pay to the Railroad the loss accruing from such damage to or destruction of such cars and contents.

(c). It is understood that the movement of railroad locomotives involves some risk of fire, and the Industry assumes all responsibility for and agrees to indemnify the Railroad against loss or damage to property of the Industry or to property upon its premises regardless of railroad negligence, arising from fire caused by locomotives operated by the Railroad on said sidetrack, or in its vicinity for the purpose of serving said Industry, except to the premises of the Railroad and to rolling stock belonging to the Railroad or to others, and to shipments in the source of transportation.

(d). The Industry also agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Railroad for loss, damage or injury and including attorneys' fees in case of litigation, from any act or omission of the Industry, its employees or agents, to the person or property of the parties hereto and their employees, and to the person or property of any other person or corporation, while on or about said sidetrack; and if any claim or liability other than from fire shall arise from the joint or concurring negligence of both parties it shall be borne by them equally.

e). Notwithstanding any other provision herein contained, the Industry shall and does hereby expressly agree, in the event said sidetrack shall be used for the receipt or delivery of tank or other cars containing dangerous commodities, whether explosive, combustible, non-inflammable, poisonous or otherwise, to assume, indemnify, and hold harmless the Railroad from and against all loss and damage, costs, expenses, including attorneys' fees, claims, suits, and judgments, whatsoever arising from or growing out of any injuries, loss or dam-

age which may be caused or contributed to by the presence on said sidetrack of such cars and the dangerous nature of the commodities for which such cars are used, and whether such injuries, loss or damage from fire, explosion, collapse or any other cause.

9. TERMINATION.

(a). It is expressly understood and agreed that if the Industry fails to keep and perform any of the covenants, terms, or conditions, herein set forth to be kept and performed by the Industry, then the Railroad reserves the right to terminate this agreement upon thirty days' written notice to the Industry. Unless so terminated, this agreement shall continue in force for the period of thirty (30) days from the date first above written, and thereafter, until terminated by either party hereto upon thirty days' notice in writing to the other party.

(b). Unless terminated as hereinabove provided this agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties hereto, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

10. RIGHT OF WAY (cont'd).

The Railroad, for and in consideration of One Dollar to it in hand paid by Industry, and other valuable considerations, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby demises and leases unto Industry during the tenure of this agreement for maintaining and using portions of said sidetrack all those certain parcels of land, property of the Railroad, described as follows and shown in RED on attached print:

(a) 13 feet in width, being 6.5 feet on each side of the center line of track No. 1, commencing 169.5 feet from the switch point thereof and extending southwestwardly a mean distance of 139.5 feet; and

(b) 13 feet in width, being 6.5 feet on each side of the center line of track No. 2, commencing 150 feet from the switch point thereof and extending southwestwardly a mean distance of 215 feet.

NOTE: The following changes were made in this agreement prior to its execution:
Now, Therefore Clause: The word "constructed" deleted.
Article 1(a): The words "construction and" deleted.
Article 1(b): The words "or leased to" added; the words "constructing, maintaining, and/or" deleted.
Article 2: Deleted.
Article 4(c): The words "or its predecessor" added.
Article 10: Added.
In Witness Whereof Clause: The word "effective" added.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be duly signed, sealed and delivered in duplicate, effective the day and year first above written.

WITNESSES FOR RAILROAD:
/s/ James A. Sutton
/s/ C. Dennis Thompson

WITNESSES FOR INDUSTRY:
/s/ S. E. Cole
/s/ M. B. Peacock

SEABOARD COAST LINE
RAILROAD COMPANY
By /s/ D. C. Hastings (L. S.)
D. C. Hastings, Vice President - Operations

/s/ C. M. Eunice, Jr. (L. S.)
(C. M. Eunice, Jr.), trading as
HOMERVILLE POLE COMPANY.

APPENDIX D

Order on Motions, filed September 5, 1974, denying Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Under Doctrine of Forum Non Conveniens

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA, IN AND FOR DUVAL COUNTY.

NO. 74-4022-CA DIVISION C

JONATHAN W. DIXON,

Plaintiff,

vs.

SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation,

Defendant.

ORDER ON MOTIONS

This cause came on for hearing on the matters herein disposed of and was argued by counsel for the respective parties.

The chief contention of defendant is that the action should be dismissed under the doctrine of "forum non conveniens." Although there are several sound reasons for the application of the doctrine, the decisions in *Adams vs. Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Company* (Fla. App. 1) 224 So.(2d) 797, and *Shaw v. Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Company* (Fla. App. 1) 229 So.(2d) 275, interdict a judge of this Court from exercising any discretion in the matter.

Accordingly, it is ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that the "Motions of Defendant," filed July 12, 1974, are denied, and it is required to answer the complaint within ten days from date hereof.

DONE AND ORDERED in Chambers at Jacksonville, Florida, this 5th day of September, A. D. 1974.

/s/ John M. McNatt

CIRCUIT JUDGE

cc: Beckham & McAliley
1010 Concord Bldg.
Miami, Florida 33130

George D. Gabel, Jr., Esq.
1014 Barnett Bank Bldg.
Jacksonville, Florida 32202

APPENDIX E

Notice of Interlocutory Appeal, filed September 17, 1974, in the District Court of Appeal, First District

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA, IN AND FOR DUVAL COUNTY

CASE NO. 74-4022-CA DIVISION "C"

JONATHAN W. DIXON,

Plaintiff,

-vs-

SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation,

Defendant.

NOTICE OF INTERLOCUTORY APPEAL

SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation, the Defendant in the above-styled cause, takes and enters its interlocutory appeal to the Court of Appeal, First District, State of Florida, to review the order, judgment or decree of the Circuit Court, Fourth Florida Judicial Circuit of Florida, in and for Duval County, Florida, bearing date the 5th day of September, A.D. 1947, and rendered on the 5th day of September, 1974, by the filing thereof with the Clerk of the above-captioned Court. The nature of the order appealed from is an order denying this Defendant's Motion to

Dismiss under the common law doctrine of Forum Non Conveniens. All parties to said cause are called upon to take notice of this interlocutory appeal.

TOOLE, TAYLOR, MOSELEY,
GABEL & MILTON

By /s/ George D. Gabel, Jr.

George D. Gabel, Jr.
1014 Barnett Bank Building
Jacksonville, Florida 32202
Attorneys for Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy hereof has been furnished to BECKHAM & McALILEY, 1010 Concord Building, Miami, Florida 33130, Attorneys for Plaintiff, by mail, this 16th day of September, 1974.

/s/ George D. Gabel, Jr.

Attorney

APPENDIX F

Assignments of Error, filed September 17, 1974, raising Constitutional question of denial of equal protection of the laws

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA, IN AND FOR DUVAL COUNTY

CASE NO. 74-4022-CA DIVISION "C"

JONATHAN W. DIXON,

Plaintiff,

-vs-

SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation,

Defendant.

ASSIGNMENT OF ERROR

The Defendant, SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY, a corporation, assigns as error to be asserted and relied upon by it on its Interlocutory Appeal, simultaneously entered in this cause, the following:

1. The above-styled Court erred in denying Defendant's Motion to Dismiss under the doctrine of Forum Non Conveniens by the entry of its Order dated September 5, 1974, and filed with the Clerk of said Court on September 5, 1974.

2. The denial by the above-styied Court of the Defendant's Motion to Dismiss under the doctrine of Forum Non

Conveniens constituted an abuse of said Court's judicial discretion, and said Court is thus in error.

3. Having made a judicial determination in its Order of September 5, 1974, that there are several sound reasons for the application of the doctrine of Forum Non Conveniens in this case, the above-styled court erred in refusing to dismiss this action on said grounds; and said Court is thus in error.

4. The denial by the above-styled Court of the Defendant's Motion to Dismiss under the doctrine of Forum Non Conveniens constituted an improper rejection of the established doctrine of Forum Non Conveniens, and said Court is thus in error.

5. The denial by the above-styled Court of the Defendant's Motion to Dismiss under the doctrine of Forum Non Conveniens deprives this Defendant of its constitutional right to "equal protection of the laws," as guaranteed by Sections 1, 4 and 12 of the Declaration of Rights to the Constitution of the State of Florida, and by the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America; and said Court is thus in error.

Dated at Jacksonville, Florida this 16th day of September, A.D., 1974.

TOOLE, TAYLOR, MOSELEY,
GABEL & MILTON

By /s/ George D. Gabel, Jr.

George D. Gabel, Jr.
1014 Barnett Bank Building
Jacksonville, Florida 32202
Attorneys for Defendant

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy hereof has been furnished to BECKHAM & McALILEY, 1010 Concord Building, Miami, Florida 33130, Attorneys for Plaintiff, by mail, this 16th day of September, 1974.

/s/ George D. Gabel, Jr.

Attorney

APPENDIX G

Opinion and Judgment of the District Court of Appeal, First District, filed November 12, 1974, dismissing the Interlocutory Appeal

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL
FIRST DISTRICT STATE OF FLORIDA
JULY TERM, A. D. 1974.

NOT FINAL UNTIL TIME EXPIRES TO
FILE REHEARING PETITION AND
DISPOSITION THEREOF IF FILED

CASE NO. W-451

SEABOARD COAST LINE
RAILROAD CO.,

Appellant,

vs.

JONATHAN W. DIXON,

Appellee.

Opinion filed November 12, 1974.

An Interlocutory Appeal from the Circuit Court for Duval County. John M. McNatt, Judge.

George D. Gabel, Jr., of Wahl & Gabel, for Appellant.

R. J. Beckham, of Beckham & McAliley, for Appellee.

PER CURIAM.

Interlocutory appeal dismissed. See Adams v. Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Co., 224 So.2d 797 (Fla.App. 1st, 1969); Shaw v. Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Co., 229 So.2d 275 (Fla.App. 1st, 1970), cert. den. 237 So.2d 540 (Fla. 1970); Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Co. v. Ford and Britt, 238 So.2d 473 (Fla.App. 1st, 1970); and Seaboard Coast Line Railroad Co. v. West, 242 So.2d 156 (Fla. App. 1st, 1971), cert. den. 246 So.2d 112 (Fla. 1971). We have considered Fowler v. Chillingworth, 94 Fla. 1, 113 So. 667 (Fla. 1927) cited by appellant in its reply to appellee's motion.

RAWLS, Chief Judge, McCORD and JOHNSON, JJ., CONCUR.

APPENDIX H

Order of the Supreme Court of Florida, filed June 18, 1975, Denying Certiorari

SUPREME COURT OF FLORIDA

JANUARY TERM. A. D. 1975

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 18, 1975

CASE NO. 46,597

DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL,
FIRST DISTRICT
W-451

SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD CO.,

Petitioner,

vs.

JONATHAN DIXON,

Respondent.

This cause having heretofore been submitted to the Court on Petition for Writ of Certiorari, jurisdictional briefs and portions of the record deemed necessary to reflect jurisdiction under Florida Appellate Rule 4.5 c (6), and it appearing to the Court that it is without jurisdiction, it is ordered that the Petition for Writ of Certiorari be and the same is hereby denied.

ADKINS, C.J., ROBERTS, BOYD, OVERTON, and ENGLAND, J.J., concur

A True Copy

TEST:

Sid J. White
Clerk Supreme Court.
By: Judy Whittle
Deputy Clerk

CC: Hon. Raymond E. Rhodes, Clerk
Hon. S. Morgan Slaughter, Clerk
Hon. John M. McNatt, Judge

George D. Gabel, Jr., Esquire
James E. Williams, Esquire
R. J. Beckham, Esquire

APPENDIX I

LAWSUITS FILED IN CIRCUIT COURT OF DUVAL COUNTY, FLORIDA AGAINST SEABOARD COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY DURING FIVE YEAR PERIOD 1970-1974, IN WHICH PLAINTIFFS AND MAJORITY OF WITNESSES ARE NON-RESIDENTS OF FLORIDA, AND CAUSES OF ACTION AROSE OUTSIDE OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

PLAINTIFFS	*CAUSES OF ACTION AROSE*	*CASE NO.*
French E. Hodges	Hamlet, N. C.	70-2849
Clyde C. West	Atlanta, Ga.	70-1128
Robert L. Human	Atlanta, Ga.	70-1166
J. M. Brooker	Waycross, Ga.	70-4193
Yewell Adams	Waycross, Ga.	70-5051
C. E. Robinson	Florence, S. C.	70-7002
M. H. Stanton	Darlington, S. C.	70-7068
S. V. Tarber	Waycross, Ga.	70-8215
B. D. Johnson	Creedmor, N. C.	70-8805
J. Allen Straughan	Coosaw, S. C.	70-8437
R. A. Powell	Blackshear, Ga.	70-8345
Eugene Taylor	Waycross, Ga.	71-1043
Edgar A. Rogers	Cameron, S. C.	71-1450
V. I. Hicks	Waycross, Ga.	71-2981
Alvin Adams	Albany, Ga.	71-6603
Harmon Pittman	Atlanta, Ga.	71-6604
L. M. King	Charleston, S. C.	71-5802
A. L. Allred	Cofield, N. C.	71-8674
Early Gordon	Waycross, Ga.	71-10112
J. C. Carter	Waycross, Ga.	71-10471
Richard Lifscomb	Yemasee, S. C.	71-11521

PLAINTIFFS	*CAUSES OF ACTION AROSE*	*CASE NO.*
H. M. Robbins	Waycross, Ga.	72-63
F. E. Pate	Americus, Ga.	72-98
James H. Stegall	Collier Yard, Va.	72-470
Samuel Davis	Charleston, S. C.	72-2106
Floyd A. Ledford, Jr.	Cayce, S. C.	72-2107
Chas. F. Roberts	Golden, Ga.	72-2689
S. G. Osteen	Acme, N. C.	72-2698
J. G. Hunt	Durham, N. C.	72-2700
C. E. Robinson	Morven, N. C.	72-3875
S. G. Hughes	Greenwood, S. C.	72-4288
Frankie Lee Jones	Waycross, Ga.	72-6073
I. White	Waycross, Ga.	72-6858
S. J. Steedley	Screven, Ga.	72-7259
O. I. Caines	Sunny Point, N. C.	72-7834
Wm. C. Cranford	Laureno, S. C.	72-9352
Edward C. Kelly	McCormick, S. C.	72-9409
L. J. Johnson	Waycross, Ga.	72-9527
Henry Cobb	Woodbine & Stillwell, Ga.	72-10158
W. E. Smith	Charleston, S. C.	72-10446
Raymond D. Taylor	Thomasville, Ga.	72-11133
W. J. Hunnicutt	Waycross, Ga.	73-249
C. R. Sires	Waycross, Ga.	73-1161
R. E. Douberly	Kingsland, Ga.	73-1650
W. K. Harrison	Brunswick, Ga.	73-4104
Joe Barron	Charlotte, N. C.	73-5009
E. T. Ruffner	Sholls, N. C.	73-5008
John M. Hall	Atlanta, Ga.	73-8784
W. R. Thornton	Waycross, Ga.	73-10586
W. E. Stegall	Raleigh, N. C.	73-11151
G. W. Carr	Charlotte, N. C.	74-1420
E. H. Duncan, Jr.	Waycross, Ga.	74-4021
J. W. Dixon	Homerville, Ga.	74-4022
R. M. Crews	Waycross, Ga.	74-4448
Charles A. Garmon	Atlanta, Ga.	74-4378
A. Hill	Waycross, Ga.	74-4849
C. R. Morris	Waycross, Ga.	74-6263

PLAINTIFFS	*CAUSES OF ACTION AROSE*	*CASE NO.*
Joseph D. Clark	Jessup, Ga.	74-6364
Henry Massey	Alafaha, Ga.	74-6264
Leo Porter	Waycross, Ga.	74-8127
Bobby Wade Holland	Tifton, Ga.	74-11743
W. W. Hills, Jr.	Lodge, S. C.	74-11175
Jessie L. Knight	Brunswick, Ga.	74-11779
R. L. Guinn	Waycross, Ga.	74-12205
J. C. Gibbs, Jr.	Brunswick, Ga.	74-12666
W. C. Holliday	Wilmington, N. C.	74-12663